

I. ADMINISTRATIVE INFORMATION

Completion Date of Approved Jurisdictional Determination (AJD): 11-JAN-2021 ORM Number: SWT-2020-00391 Associated JDs: SWT-2011-00125 Review Area Location¹: State/Territory: Oklahoma City: Mill Creek County/Parish/Borough: Johnston County Center Coordinates of Review Area: Latitude 34.454288 Longitude -96.840853

II. FINDINGS

- **A. Summary:** Check all that apply. At least one box from the following list MUST be selected. Complete the corresponding sections/tables and summarize data sources.
 - The review area is comprised entirely of dry land (i.e., there are no waters or water features, including wetlands, of any kind in the entire review area). Rationale: N/A or describe rationale.
 - There are "navigable waters of the United States" within Rivers and Harbors Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete table in section II.B).
 - There are "waters of the United States" within Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete appropriate tables in section II.C).
 - There are waters or water features excluded from Clean Water Act jurisdiction within the review area (complete table in section II.D).

B. Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 Section 10 (§ 10)²

§ 10 Name	§ 10 Size	§ 10 Criteria	Rationale for § 10 Determination		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		

C. Clean Water Act Section 404

Territorial Seas and Traditional Navigable Waters ((a)(1) waters)³

Γ	(a)(1) Name	(a)(1) Size	(a)(1) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(1) Determination
	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Tributaries ((a)(2) waters):

(a)(2) Name	(a)(2) Size	(a)(2) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(2) Determination
FS-01b	3324 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-01b is intermittent and contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a typical year. FS- 01b is a tributary of FS-03; FS-03 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita River becomes a navigable water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.
⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



FS-02b	1299 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-02b is intermittent and contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a typical year. FS- 02b is a tributary of FS-03; FS-03 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita River becomes a navigable water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.
FS-03	4351 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary con tributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-03 is intermittent and contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a typical year. FS-03 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita Riverbecomes a navigable water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.
FS-06	1020 feet	(a)(2) Intermittent tributary con tributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-06 is intermittent and contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a typical year. FS-06 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita Riverbecomes a navigable water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.

Lakes and ponds, and impoundments of jurisdictional waters ((a)(3) waters):

(a)(3) Name	(a)(3) Size	(a)(3) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(3) Determination
PUBHh-3	0.17 acres	(a)(3) Lake/pond or impoundment of a jurisdictional water contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS to pographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that PUBHh-3 is intermittent (spring-fed) and contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a typical year. PUBHh-3 flows to FS-01b, which is a tributary of FS-03; FS-03 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita River becomes a navigable water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.
⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



PUBHh-7	0.1 acres	(a)(3) Lake/pond or impoundment of	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
	U. Faciles	a jurisdictional water contributes surface water flow directly or indirectly to an (a)(1) water in a typical year	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS to pographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that PUBHh-7 was excavated within intermittent stream channel (FS-06) and contributes surface water flow to the Washita Riverin a typical year. FS-06 flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek is a tributary to the
			Washita River. South of Ravia, Oklahoma, the Washita
			River becomes a navigable water subject to Section 10
			of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899.

Adjacent wetlands ((a)(4) waters):

(a)(4) Name	(a)(4) Size	(a)(4) Criteria	Rationale for (a)(4) Determination
PFO1A-1	1.37 acres	(a)(4) Wetland separated from an	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		(a)(1)-(a)(3) water only by a natural	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		feature	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
			and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
			that PFO1A-1 is separated from intermittent stream FS-
			01b by a natural, small topographic rise; and, FS-01b
			contributes surface water flow to the Washita River in a
			typical year. FS-01b is a tributary of FS-03; FS-03
			flows via an unnamed tributary and Mill Creek
			Watershed Site 15 Reservoir to Mill Creek. Mill Creek
			is a tributary to the Washita River. South of Ravia,
			Oklahoma, the Washita River becomes a navigable
			water subject to Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors
			Act of 1899.

D. Excluded Waters or Features

Excluded waters $((b)(1) - (b)(12))^4$:

Exclusion Name	Exclusion Size	Exclusion⁵	Rationale for Exclusion Determination
FS-01a	929 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-01a is an ephemeral feature which experiences surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response to precipitation.
FS-02a	2278 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports that FS-02a is an ephemeral feature which experiences surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response to precipitation.
FS-04	2671 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including an ephemeral stream, swale, gully, rill, or pool	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC, wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional determination field review, USGS topographic maps, and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.
⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

 5 Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



			that FS-04 is an ephemeral feature which experiences
			surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response
			to precipitation.
FS-05	1375 feet	(b)(3) Ephemeral feature, including	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
F 5-05	1375 leet		
		an ephemeral stream, swale, gully,	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		rill, or pool	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
			and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
			that FS-05 is an ephemeral feature which experiences
			surface water flowing or pooling only in direct response
			to precipitation.
PUBHh-1	0.44 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundmentof a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-1 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets (c)(6)	water.
PUBHh-10	0.19 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS topographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundmentof a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-10 is not an impoundment of a
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-11	0.12 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-11 is not an impoundment of a
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-12	0.1 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-12 is not an impoundment of a
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-13	0.19 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS topographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundmentof a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-13 is not an impoundment of a
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-14	0.67 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-14 is not an impoundment of a
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-15	0.11 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-15 is not an impoundment of a

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.
⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.

 5 Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.



PUBHh-16	0.1 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
	0.1 00100	constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-16 is not an impoundment of a
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		water that meets (c)(6)	jurisdictional water.
PUBHh-2	0.2 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundmentof a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-2 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets (c)(6)	water.
PUBHh-4	0.17 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-4 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets $(c)(6)$	water.
PUBHh-5	0.29 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC.
1 ODINI O	0.20 00100	constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-5 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets $(c)(6)$	water.
	0.1.00		
PUBHh-6	0.1 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-6 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets (c)(6)	water.
PUBHh-8	0.31 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-8 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets (c)(6)	water.
PUBHh-9	0.46 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
		as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundmentof a jurisdictional	that PUBHh-9 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
		water that meets (c)(6)	water.
PUSCh-1	0.1 acres	(b)(8) Artificial lake/pond	Evaluation of APT results, the CC Environmental, LLC,
		constructed or excavated in upland	wetland and waterway delineation report, jurisdictional
		or a non-jurisdictional water, so long	determination field review, USGS to pographic maps,
	1	as the artificial lake or pond is not	and Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019), supports
		an impoundment of a jurisdictional	that PUSCh-1 is not an impoundment of a jurisdictional
	1	water that meets (c)(6)	water.
			พลเธา.

III. SUPPORTING INFORMATION

⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1) exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.

 $^{^{1}}$ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed independently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent upstream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form.
⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area.



- Α. Select/enter all resources that were used to aid in this determination and attach data/maps to this document and/or references/citations in the administrative record, as appropriate.
 - Information submitted by, or on behalf of, the applicant/consultant: CC Environmental, LLC, _X_ Potential Jurisdictional Waters and Wetlands Evaluation, dated June 2020; CC Environmental, LLC, Jurisdictional Determination Field Review Summary, dated September 16.2020.
 - This information is sufficient for purposes of this AJD.
 - Data sheets prepared by the Corps:
 - Photographs: Google Earth aerial imagery (1995-2019) _X_
 - Corps Site visit(s) conducted on: August 28, 2020 Х
 - Previous Jurisdictional Determinations (AJDs or PJDs): SWT-2011-00125 _X_
 - Antecedent Precipitation Tool: provide detailed discussion in Section III.B. Х
 - USDA NRCS Soil Survey:
 - **USFWS NWI maps:**
 - **x** USGS topographic maps: 1:24,000, Mill Creek, Oklahoma (1963)

Other data sources used to aid in this determination:			
Data Source (select)	Name and/or date and other relevant information		
USGS Sources	N/A.		
USDA Sources	N/A.		
NOAA Sources	N/A.		
USACE Sources	N/A.		
State/Local/Tribal Sources	N/A.		
Other Sources	N/A.		

0+-.

- Β. Typical year assessment(s): APT results were obtained for August 28, 2020, coinciding with the jurisdictional determination field review; the result was a normal value of 11. This APT result supports that the observations of the jurisdictional determination field review occurred during normal conditions and that the conclusions discussed above are characteristic of a typical year.
- C. Additional comments to support AJD: The waters discussed above are depicted on the Field Reconnaissance Map included within the Jurisdictional Determination Field Review Summary.

¹ Map(s)/Figure(s) are attached to the AJD provided to the requestor.

to do so. Corps Districts may, in case-by-case instances, choose to identify some or all of these waters within the review area. ⁵ Because of the broad nature of the (b)(1) exclusion and in an effort to collect data on specific types of waters that would be covered by the (b)(1)

² If the navigable water is not subject to the ebb and flow of the tide or included on the District's list of Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigable waters list, do NOT use this document to make the determination. The District must continue to follow the procedure outlined in 33 CFR part 329.14 to make a Rivers and Harbors Act Section 10 navigability determination.

³ A stand-alone TNW determination is completed in dependently of a request for an AJD. A stand-alone TNW determination is conducted for a specific segment of river or stream or other type of waterbody, such as a lake, where independent up stream or downstream limits or lake borders are established. A stand-alone TNW determination should be completed following applicable guidance and should NOT be documented on the AJD form. ⁴ Some excluded waters, such as (b)(2) and (b)(4), may not be specifically identified on the AJD form unless a requestor specifically asks a Corps district

exclusion, four sub-categories of (b)(1) exclusions were administratively created for the purposes of the AJD Form. These four sub-categories are not new exclusions, but are simply administrative distinctions and remain (b)(1) exclusions as defined by the NWPR.